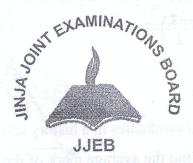
456/1 MATHEMATICS
Paper 1
JULY, 2014
2½ hours



JINJA JOINT EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

MOCK EXAMINATIONS – JULY, 2014

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

Answer ALL questions in Section A and not more than FIVE from section B.

Any additional question(s) answered will not be marked.

All necessary calculations must be shown and should be done on the same page as the rest of the answer.

Mathematical tables and graph papers are provided.

Silent, non-programmable scientific calculators may be used.

Turn Over

SECTION A (40 MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section.

1. Factorize completely $a^3b - ab^3$ and use it to find the value of $3^3(2) - 3(2^3)$

(4 marks)

- 2. Find the solution set for the quadratic inequality $x^2 6x 16 < 0$ (4 marks)
- 3. Given that $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (i) Find A^2

(4 marks)

- (ii) Name matrix A^2
- 4. The average mark of 20 candidates in a history test was 63. The 5 weakest candidates had an average of 36. Find the average mark of the other 15 candidates. (4 marks)
- 5. Solve for n in the equation

(4 marks)

$$(4)^{2n+1} = 8^6$$

- 6. A forest ranger sighted fire from the top of a tower 80m high. If the angle of depression of the fire was 17.5° how far was the ranger from the foot of the tower? Give your answer to 3 significant figures. (4 marks)
- 7. Given that $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{b} = \frac{(2a+b)^2}{ba}$ (4 marks)
 - Evaluate (3 * 6) * 4
- 8. (i) Express 0.000000437 in scientific form

(4 marks)

- (ii) Find the value of θ when $log_{10}sin\theta = \overline{1}.8213$
- 9. Without using a calculator or mathematical tables, evaluate

(4 marks)

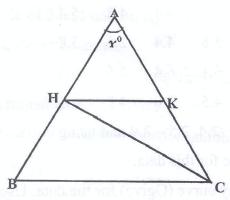
$$12(0.5)^{-1} - \left\{7(3)^{-2}(81)^{3/4}\right\}$$

- 10. A two digit number is formed using the numerals 2, 3 and 4 without repeating any numeral. (4 marks)
 - (a) Write down the possibility space
 - (b) Find the probability that the two digit number is divisible by 2.

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

Attempt any five questions only

11. In the diagram ABC is an Isosceles triangle with AB=AC. H and K are points on AB and AC respectively such that BC=HC and HK is parallel to BC.



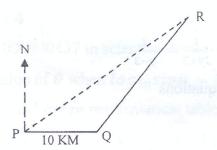
- (a) (i) Given that $angle A = x^0$ express the angles HBC and CHK in terms of x.
 - (ii) What can you say about Δ *CBH* and *ABC* (6 marks)
- (b) If AH = HC find the value of X. (6 marks)
- 12. (a) Solve the equation $\frac{3}{y-1} + \frac{1}{2y+3} = \frac{2}{y-3}$ (6 marks)
 - (b) Solve the simultaneous equations $x^2 + 3y^2 = 7$ y x = 3 (6 marks)
- 13. Using a ruler, pencil and pair of compasses only:
 - (i) Construct a triangle PQR, where $\overline{QR} = \frac{8.6}{8.6}cm$ and $\overline{PR} = \frac{8.6}{6.8}cm$. and angle PQR = 75°. Measure \overline{PQ} and angle PRQ.
 - (iii) Draw a circle with centre O, inscribing triangle PQR and find the area of the circle. (12 marks)

14. The weights of pupils bags at Happy hours Primary School in kilograms are given below.

3.3	6.0	4.0	2.5	5.4	5.2	4.0	4.3
3.6	5.2	5.5	7.3	4.9	4.4	4.8	5.4
4.5	4.4	2.2	4.9	3.8	4.4	2.5	3.8
3.0	4.8	5.4	3.0	6.1	6.4	4.5	6.0
6.2	3.8	6.5	3.5	4.5	3.0	4.7	4.5

- (i) Starting with a class of 2.0 2.4, 2.5 2.9 and using equal class intervals, form a frequency distribution table for this data.
- (ii) Plot a cumulative frequency curve (Ogive) for the data. Use your data to estimate the median weight.
- (iv) Calculate the mean weight using an assumed mean of 4,7 (correct your answer to (I.d.p)

15.



In the diagram, which is not drawn accurately, PQR represents the course sailed by a boat after leaving the port P. The point Q is due east of P; the bearing of R from P is 065°, and the bearing of R from Q is 050°.

(a) Find the angles of triangle PQR.

(6 marks)

- (b) Given that PQ is 10km, calculate
 - (i) The distance PR
 - (ii) The area of triangle PQR.

(6 marks)

- 16. A triangle has vertices A (1,1) B(2,4) and C(4,0).
 - The triangle undergoes a positive quarter turn of 90° about the origin to be mapped onto triangle A' B' C'. The triangle A' B' C' is then reflected in the line y = -X to be mapped onto triangle A" B" C".
 - (a) Using a scale of 2cm I unit on both axes, plot the triangles ABC, A'B'C' and A"B"C" on the same graph. (7 marks)
 - (b) From your graph, describe a single transformation which is equivalent to the two successive transformations above. (2 marks)
 - (c) Find the matrix of the single transformation which maps triangle ABC on to triangle A"B"C". (3 marks)
- 17. The head teacher of Bulongo Primary School has shs 12,000,000 for buying Typewriters (x) and solar panels (y). A typewriter costs shs 1,000,000 and a solar panel shs 200,000. She had to buy atleast 6 Typewriters and 20 solar panels.
 - (a) Write down three inequalities to represent the given information.
 - (b) Represent the inequalities on a suitable graph, and show the region satisfying the inequalities.
 - (c) Use your graph above to find the number of typewriters and solar panels which should be bought so as to minimize costs and calculate the minimum cost.

JINJA JOINT EXAMINATIONS BOARD

MARKING GUIDE 456/1 MATHS 2014

Question	Solution	Marks	Comment
1.	$a^3b - ab^3$, 42
	$ab(a^2-b^2)$	M1	
	ab(a+b)(a-b)	M1	
	$3^{3}(2) - 3(2^{3})$		
	$= 3 \times 2 (3^2 - 2^2)$	M1	M1 only if $a^3b - ab^3$
	=6(3+2)(3-2)		is seen factorized.
3 3	$=6\times5\times1$		
	= 30	A1	A1 if method above
,			is used.
		04	1
2.	$X^2 - 6x - 16 < 0$	1	
2.	$X^2 - 8x + 2x - 16 < 0$		
	X = 6x + 2x = 10 < 0 X(x - 8) + 2(x - 8) < 0		
		M	F- C-4-:
	(x-8)(x+2) < 0	M1	For factorizing
	Either $(x-8) > 0$ and $(x+2) < 0$ case I		
	Or	M1	For stating to cases
	(x-8) < 0 and $(x+2) > 0$ Case II		above.
	For case II		
	If $x-8<0$		
	X < 8		
	X can be 7		
	$X^2 - 6x - 16 = 49 - 42 - 16 = -9$	100	
	Since - 9 < 0	B1	
	Accept case II and reject case I	DI	
	X - 8 < 0, x < 8		
	X + 2 > 0, $x > -2$ or $-2 < x$		
	-2 < x < 8	A1	
		04	
3.	(i) $A^2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	M1	For multiplying two
			matrices.
	$=\begin{pmatrix}0&0\\0&0\end{pmatrix}$	A1	
	(ii) Matrix A is a zero matrix	B2	
W %		04	
4.	Total marks scored by 20 candidates	+	
	20 × 63 = 4260		
	Total marks scored by 5 weakest candidates is		
	$5 \times 36 = 180$	Market Co.	
	Marks scored by other 15 candidates is	2.61	
	1260 – 180	M1	
	= 1080	A1	
	Average mark is $\frac{1080}{15}$	M1	
	= 72	A1	
	12		
		04	
5.	$4^{2n+1} = 8^6$		
	$(2^2)^{2n+1} = (2^3)^6$	M1	Expanding 4 as 2 ² &
	$2^{4n+2} = 2^{18}$	1.11	8 as 2 ³
	4n + 2 = 18	M1	0 43 2
	311 · Z 10	IVII	

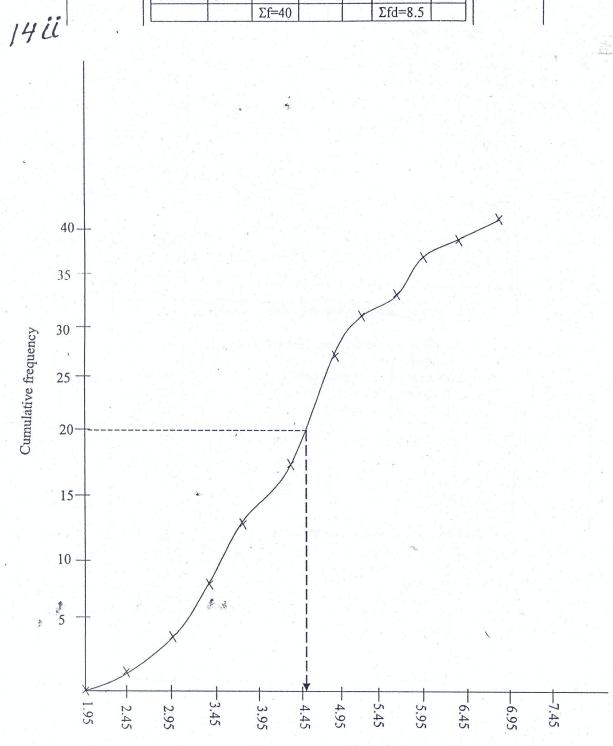
	4n = 16	M1 *	
	n = 4	Al	
2		04	
6.			
	17.50	B1	For diagram
	80m	N	, ,
	17.5° F		
	Let whe the required distance	7.	
	Let x be the required distance	M1	
	$\frac{80}{x} = \tan 17.5^{\circ}$	1711	
	$X = \frac{80}{\tan 175} = \frac{80}{0.3153}$	M1	
	x = 253.73	A1	Accept 253.7
n		04	
7.	$3 * 6 = \frac{(2 \times 3 + 6)^2}{6 \times 3}$	M1	2
	$= \frac{12^2}{18} $ $= \frac{12 \times 12}{18}$		
	$=\frac{12 \times 12}{18}$ $= 8$	A1	
	$(3*6)*4 = 8*4$ $= \frac{(2 \times 8 + 4)^2}{4 \times 8}$ $= \frac{(16+4)^2}{3}$	M1	M1 for his 8
	$=\frac{32}{12.5}$	A1	*
		04	
8.	(i) $.000000437 = 4.37 \times 10^{-7}$ (ii) Antilog of $\overline{1}.8213$	B1	
	$= 6.627 \times 10^{-1}$	M1	
	$\sin \theta = 0.6627$ $\theta = \sin^{-1} 0.6627$	A1	
	$\Theta = 41.5^{\circ}$	A1	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		04	
9.	$12(0.5)^{-1} - \{7(3)^{-2} (81)^{3/4}\}$ $= 12(\frac{1}{2})^{-1} - \{\frac{7}{3^{2}}(81)^{3/4}\}$	M1	For $0.5 = \frac{1}{2}$
	$=12\times 2-\left[\frac{7\times 3^3}{3^2}\right]$	M1	Simplification
<i>‡</i>	$= 24 - [7 \times 3]$ $= 24 - 21$ $= 3$	M1 A1	
		04	
10. (a)	{23,24,32,34,42,43}	B2 4	

(b)	Numbers divisible by 2 are {24,32,34,42}	M1 *	0.6667 scores A0.
	Probability is $\frac{4}{6}$ or $\frac{2}{3}$	A1	
		04	
11. (a)	$\bigvee_{X^0}^{A}$		
-	H K	ž.	
			8
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	B		
	(i) $<$ HBC = $\frac{1}{2}(180^{0} - x^{0})$ = $90 - \frac{x^{0}}{2}$	M1 A1	$(90 - \frac{x^0}{2})$ on sight
2	<CHK = $<$ BCH $<$ CHK + $2<$ (HBC) = 180^{0} $<$ CHK = 180^{0} - $(180^{0}$ - x^{0})	B1 M1	scores M1A1
	$= x^0$ (ii) Triangle CBH is similar to ΔBC	A1 B1	
(b)	If $AH = HC$ $< HCA = x^0$ Also $< BCH = x^0$	B1 B1	
.	$ABC = ACB = 2x^{0}$ $X + 2x + 2x = 180^{0}$ $5x = 180^{0}$ $X = 36^{0}$	B1 M1 M1 A1	
12. (a)	$\frac{3}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$	12	LCM = (y-1)(y-3)
	$\frac{1}{y-1} + \frac{1}{2y+3} - \frac{1}{y-3}$ $3(2y+3)(y-3) + (y-1)(y-3) = 2(2y+3)(y-1)$ $3(2y^2 - 3y - 9) + (y^2 - 4y + 3) = 2(2y^2 + y - 3)$	M1	2(y + 3) Correct use of L.C.M
	$6y^{2} - 9y - 27 + y^{2} - 4y + 3 = 4y^{2} + 2y - 6$ $7y^{2} - 13y - 24 = 4y^{2} + 2y - 6$	M1	Opening brackets correctly.
	$3y^{2} - 15y - 24 - 4y + 2y - 0$ $3y^{2} - 15y - 18 = 0$ Or $y^{2} - 5y - 6 = 0$	M1	Forming a quadratic equation.
	$(y-6)(y+1) \neq 0$	M1	Factorizing
	y - 6 = 0 or $y + 1 = 0y = 6$ or $y = -1$	A1A1	A1 for y = 6 A1 for y = -1

No.	Solution	Marks	Comment
	Sketch	B1	
13.4			
9			
	4.8		
e .s			
	75°		
	Q 8.6 cm R		
	그는 원이 이번 왕이는 이번 기가 되었다면 없어 나는 생각이.		
	QR 8.6 ± 0.2	M1	8.4 - 8.8
	$\langle PQR \qquad 75^{\circ} \pm 1 \qquad \qquad$	M1 M1	$74^{\circ} - 76^{\circ}$ 9.6 - 10.0
	PR 9.8 ± 0.2	Al	7.0 – 10.0
	<prq 470<="" td=""><td>A1</td><td>7.4 - 7.8</td></prq>	A1	7.4 - 7.8
7.5	$PQ = 7.6 \text{ cm} \pm 0.2$		To a lamba
	Bisecting any two angles	M1 M1	For each angle For each angle
	[11] 그는 시민도록 다른 점하는 경우를 통해 되었습니다.	MI	1 of each ungio
01	Centre O labelled clearly perpendicular from O to any side of triangle	M1	
i	Correct circle drawn	A1	(0.0.0.5)
	Radius 2.4 ± 0.1	A1	(2.3 - 2.5)
	P		
	9.8 cm		
	7.0 cm		
		1	
	1 / / X 4-t \		
	750		
	Q 8.6	4	
	>==		r

T.			
(h) V ²	$+3y^2 = 7$		
	-x=3		
	= x + 3	M1 .	
l y -	- X 1 3		
v ²	$+3(x+3)^2 = 7$	M1	Substituting for y.
x ²	$+3(x^2+6x+9)=7$		
$\frac{\lambda}{x^2}$	$\pm 2v^2 \pm 18v \pm 27 = 7$		
	$x^2 + 18x + 20 = 0$	M1	Forming quadratic
O			equation.
	$x^2 + 9x + 10 = 0$		
2:	$x^2 + 5x + 4x + 10 = 0$		
x((2x + 5) + 2(2x + 5) = 0		
	(x+5)(x+2)=0	M1	Factorizing
	x + 5 = 0 $x + 2 = 0$		
X	$=\frac{-5}{2}$; $x = -2$		
1	L		
	$hen x = \frac{-5}{2}$		
v	$=3+\frac{-5}{2}$		* ** **
	$=\frac{1}{2}$		
	when $x = -2$		
1	=1	1.1	
		A1	
X	$=\frac{-5}{2}$ y = $\frac{1}{2}$	A1	
X	= -2 y = 1		
		12	
4	- Labelling vertical axis as cumulative frequency	B1	
14	or c.f	DI.	
	- Labelling horizontal axis as weight /class	B1	
	boundaries cb		2. X 3. X
	- All column of frequency correct	M1	
× .	- All column of class mark correct	M1	
	- All column of fd correct.	M1	
	$- \Sigma fd = 8.5$	A1	
, 200	- All column of correct	B1	
	(iii) Mean		
		M1	
	$=4.7+\frac{8.5}{40}$		
2	= 4.9125	A1	Only if 4.9125 is
	= 4.9		seen.
*	All plots correct with a smooth curve	M1	
	locating the median	M1	
		A1	
	$=4.55\pm0.05$		(4.5 - 4.6)
.7	(iii)		
E = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	(····)		
-			

B1 B
2.0-2.4 I I 2.2 -2.5 -2.5 I 2.5-2.9 II 2 2.7 -2.0 -4.0 3 3.0-3.4 IIII 4 3.2 -1.5 -6.0 7 3.5-3.9 -IIII 5 3.7 -1.0 -5.0 12 4.0-4.4 -IIII 6 4.2 -0.5 -3.0 18 4.5-4.9 -IIII 9 4.7 0 0 27
2.5-2.9 II 2 2.7 -2.0 -4.0 3 3.0-3.4 IIII 4 3.2 -1.5 -6.0 7 3.5-3.9 -HH- 5 3.7 -1.0 -5.0 12 4.0-4.4 -HH- 6 4.2 -0.5 -3.0 18 4.5-4.9 -HH- 9 4.7 0 0 27
3.0-3.4 IIII 4 3.2 -1.5 -6.0 7 3.5-3.9 -IHI- 5 3.7 -1.0 -5.0 12 4.0-4.4 -IHI- 6 4.2 -0.5 -3.0 18 4.5-4.9 -IHI- 9 4.7 0 0 27
3.5-3.9 HH 5 3.7 -1.0 -5.0 12 M1 4.0-4.4 HHH 6 4.2 -0.5 -3.0 18 4.5-4.9 HH 9 4.7 0 0 27
4.0-4.4
4.5-4.9 HH 9 4.7 0 0 27
1777
5.0-5.4 HH 5 5.2 0.5 26.0 32
5.5-5.9 I 1 5.7 1.0 1.0 33
6.0-6.4 HH 5 6.2 1.5 7.5 38
6.5-6.9 I 1 6.7 2.0 2.0 39
7.0-7.4 I 1 7.2 2.5 2.5 40
$\Sigma f=40$ $\Sigma fd=8.5$



Weight / class boundaries

Median weight is 4.55 kg

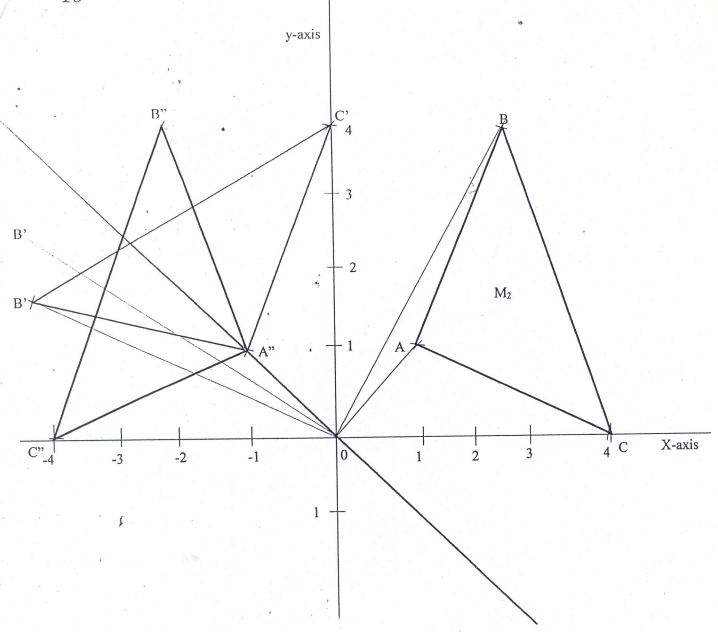
14 iii Mean =
$$4.7 + \frac{8.5}{40}$$

= 4.9125
M1 Accept (4.9)

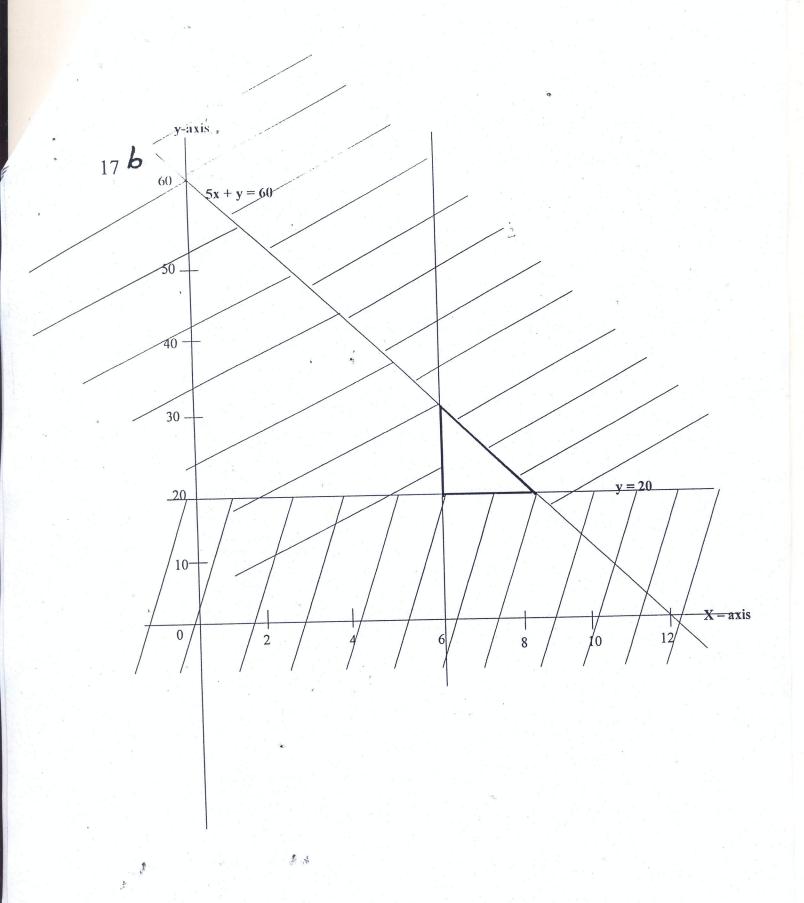
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1.		ni j
15.	(a) ;	
	N	
	P 10 Q	
-	$< RPQ = 90^{0} - 65^{0}$ $< P = 25^{0}$	M1
	$< P = 25^{\circ}$ $< PQR = 90^{\circ} + 50^{\circ}$	A1 M1
	$<\mathbf{Q}=140^{\circ}$	Al
	$<$ R = $180^{\circ} - (140^{\circ} + 25^{\circ})$	M1
8	$< R = 180^{\circ} - (140^{\circ} + 25^{\circ})$ = 15°	A1
	(b) (i) $\frac{PR}{R} = \frac{10}{R}$	
	sin 140° sin 15°	M1M1

A. A.



17a	$x \ge 6$	M1	
1100	y ≥ 20 (iii)	M1	
2	(b) See graph attached		
	Drawing line $y = 20$ and shading	M1	
	Drawing line $5x + y = 60$ and shading	M1	
	Drawing line $x = 6$ and shading	M1	
	Correct region unshaded	A1	
	(c) Number of type writers are 6 and solar panels	B1	
	are 20	B1	
	Total cost is		
	$6 \times 1,000,000 + 20 \times 200,000$	M1	
	= shs. 10,000,000	A1	
×,=			
		12	



- END-

-9-